



HARVIS: smart assistant for Non-Stabilized Approaches

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Within the Cleansky 2 framework, the HARVIS project aims to identify how cognitive computing algorithms implemented in a digital assistant could support the decision making process of a single pilot in complex situation at 2035+ horizon.

SPO introduce new challenges during the final approach:

- ▷ No flight parameters monitoring by another crew member.
- ▷ No workload sharing, making the single pilot more vulnerable to task interruptions.
- ▷ No possibility to discuss opinions for complex decision making.

Go-around prediction

Thanks to machine learning algorithms, the assistant detects situations in which a go-around is needed.

Its training is based on the classification of over 750 final approaches by 28 Commercial Air Transport pilots.

▷ Dataset filtering could permit to tailor the assistant to a specific airline or, even more, to a specific user.

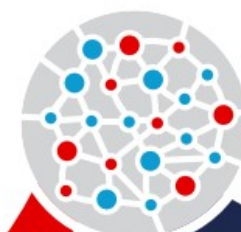
▷ Extension to more flight parameters could improve the relevancy of go-around predictions.



FLIGHT DATA RECORDS



CLASSIFICATION BY EXPERT PILOTS



GO-AROUND PREDICTION MODULE

Flight parameters
Altitude, Pitch, Roll, Ground Speed, Vertical Speed, Indicated Air Speed, Localizer Deviation, Glide Slope Deviation, Distance to Runway

Go-around alert

Adaptive callouts

Gaze monitoring

Deviation monitoring

Intelligent callouts

Thanks to an eye tracking device, callouts are emitted only when pilots do not pay attention to a flight parameter deviation.

▷ Monitoring the situation awareness through the gaze position is limited. Broadening pilot monitoring with other physiological parameters could be interesting.